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About the Institute

The Hunt Institute for Botanical Documentation, a research division of Carnegie Mellon University, specializes in the history of botany and all aspects of plant science and serves the international scientific community through research and documentation. To this end, the Institute acquires and maintains authoritative collections of books, plant images, manuscripts, portraits and data files, and provides publications and other modes of information service. The Institute meets the reference needs of botanists, biologists, historians, conservationists, librarians, bibliographers and the public at large, especially those concerned with any aspect of the North American flora.

Hunt Institute was dedicated in 1961 as the Rachel McMasters Miller Hunt Botanical Library, an international center for bibliographical research and service in the interests of botany and horticulture, as well as a center for the study of all aspects of the history of the plant sciences. By 1971 the Library's activities had so diversified that the name was changed to Hunt Institute for Botanical Documentation. Growth in collections and research projects led to the establishment of four programmatic departments: Archives, Art, Bibliography and the Library.

OF THE ORANGE FREE STATE DEPARTMENT

BOTANY



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DEPARTEMENT:

BLOEMFONTEIN South Africa

3 - 2 - 1966.

Prof. O. Degener, Waialua, Oahu, HAWAII.

Dear Professor Degener,

Your letter of the 2nd September, 1965 arrived here two weeks ago and reminded me of our meeting in Kew Gardens. I am glad to know that book 7 of your Flora Hawaiiensis is now available and I am enclosing a draft for \$10 for a copy for our library. You will appreciate that very few people here, are working on plants from your area, so that we can unfortunately not buy more than one copy.

I am afraid that I will not be able to go to Tokyo this year, and hope that you will have a very fruitful meeting there.

With kind regards to Mrs. Degener and yourself,

Yours sincerely,

(E.M. van Zinderen Bakker)

Street "

Canton etc. Prods, 42.

27 South St., Middlebury, Vermont. March 30, 1966.

Dear Otto.

I have your letter of February 20, and I congratulate you on regaining good health and strength. The enjoyment of good health is the greatest blessing life can give.

I suppost it is difficult to understand another's philosophy of life from 2 letter and without having 2 discussion with him. I am inter sted in thabit of your background which you am mention and which, no doubt, has had an important influence in your life and thinking just as my being the son of the Manse has If your atheism means a disbelief in a personal God who sits on influenced mine. a golden throne to judge botanists who break the Sabbath by collectingplants on unday you will find hundreds of thousands of Christians who would agree with you. avoid the term "religion" in speaking of spiritual things. You will find a good part of my philosophy in the Book of St. John, Chapter & 1V, verse 2h, if you have a Bible in your library.

I have written an article which has philosophical nuances which will be be published in in Cahiers de Géographie of the University of Laval in the Spring number. When it is published I shall send you an off print. It is really a review of Fosberg (Edit.) Man and the Ecosystem, the symposium of papers given at the Pacific Science Congress of 1963, published by the Bishop Museum.

I appreciate the length of your letter, the "effusion" as you call it, and I regret it if I wasted any of your valuable time which might have been spent directly on your botanical studies. /(This also is a mild effusion!) But I may state frankly that I cannot follow your philosphical thinking as you state it, and so I cannot say whether I agree or disagree with you

I shall not put in my book (purely a'castle in the air'at the moment) anything of your philosophy or Tucker Abbot's, but merely the interest which you and he stimulated in your particular fields. As I told you in my first letter I haveno guarantee that my "effusion" will ever be published, but I get some fun out of trying to write it. I cannot afford as a retired professor to underwrite its publication, as you have been able to finance yours.

I looked for the Smith and Bailey book you mention which discusses the "missing link" in botany, but since you did not give me the title I could not identify it. I fund a book on taxonomy by Smith but he made no mention of it.

If you will be kind enough to write the full title on the inclosed postal card I shall look it up.

I close with good wishes to you and your wife, including good health and a long enjoyment of Wailua where I would like to be in the depth of a New England winter when the snow is piled four feet high at our front door as it was some weeks ago. It is now snowing, this morning March 301

Cordially, Wasker outh

University of Missouri - Columbia



105 Tucker Hall Columbia, Mo. 65201 COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCE
Division of Biological Science

Telephone 314 449 8331

May 15, 1972

Prof. Dr. Hermann Meusel Institut für Systematische Botanik und Pflanzengeographe der Universität Matin Luther Neuwerk 21, Halle, Germany

Dear Herrn Prof. Meusel:

I have been working on the lupines of Mexico for over ten years now and have the treatment for the "Flora de Valle de Mexico" in press with Dr. Rzedowski. I am now preparing monographs of the complexes in the genus. I have translated the early descriptions and have most of the early taxa determined. Since a number of the early types were apparently lost in the Berlin fire, several neotypes will undoubtedly naed to be designated, unless duplicates were deposited in other herbaria. The search for Lupinus mexicanus Cerv. ex. Lag. (1816), the first named taxon for Mexico, has resulted in the location of the taxon and the designation of the neotype is in press. Both Lupinus montanus (1823) and Lupinus elegans (1823) were available at Paris (P), so do not need neotypes, they also have microfiche photos of the type sheets avialable so have been varified.

The other early names, which appear to need neotypes, unless duplicates of the original collections can be located, are: Lupinus campestris Cham. & Schl.(1830) (Schiede 664, blanos inter Perote et Tlachhua); L. leptophyllus Cham. & Schl. (1830)(Schiede 665, blanos inter Tlachichua et Tepetitlan, (Smith says in Tlaxcala)); L. ehrenbergii Schlecht. (1832)(C. Ehrenberg 936, Mineral del Monte, the number was cited by Smith who examined the material at Berlin before the fire); L. uncinatus Schlecht. (1832)(C. Ehrenberg, Mineral del Monte). The field locations of these are known and topotype material will be obtained for distribution as neotypes, if none of the original material can be located. The excellent original descriptions and material designated by several workers before the Berlin fire, give me confidence that I have the taxa correctly identified, but any neotypes designated should come from as close to the original type locality as possible.

Lupinus exaltatus Zucc. (1832) was grown from seed sent from Mexico and Zuccarina described the taxon from the garden plants. To date the original material has not been located, but the excellent description has permitted recognition of the taxon. The original field location is not clear from the type description, any information as to the type locality would help in the event that no specimen was ever deposited in an herbarium.

Lupinus ashenbornii Schauer (1847) also appears to need a nectype designated. An excellent description is available but, while Ashenborn 173 was designated in the description, the location was given as Mts. of Hexico, location unimown. The naterial designated by numerous workers between little doubt as to the location of the taxon, but it has also previously been misinterpreted as 1. mexicanus by several botaniate and the taxon matching the description, in Mexico, is percental

Meusel-page 2.

and not an annual as indicated in Schauer's description. A perennial, which flowers the first year may be misinterpreted as an annual. Smith studied the specimen of Ashenborn 173, at Berlin before the fire and has cited a number of specimens in 1938(Sp. Lup. 58) as the taxon, which mostly were from Nevada de Toluca and Popocatepet1, at or above timber-line, so the taxon seems to be well established but without a type specimen.

If you know of any information on any of the type duplicates or have any of the duplicates I would greatly appreciate a loan of these for varification and to designate a lectotype if possible. I have previously sent copies of this letter to the herbaria indicated by their international codes: B, G, Gzu, K, LZ, BONN, M, P, & Z, If you know of any other institution that might have a copy of one of the types I would greatly appreciate knowing about it. I have heard from five of these institutions in the negative thus far. I am prepared to go to the type localities this August in an endeavor to obtain material from these type localities to use for nectypes where necessary.

Sincerely yours,

David Bdown

David B. Dunn, Prof. & Curator of the Herbarium

University of Missouri - Columbia



105 Tucker Hall Columbia, Mo. 65201 COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCE Division of Biological Science Telephone 314 449-8331

May 16, 1972

Dr. Velva Rudd, Curator Panerogamic Botany Smithsonian Institution Washington, D.C 20560

Dear Velva:

As you can see by the enclosure I am at the point of trying to crystalize the information on the earliest Nexican Lupines so that later work will not upset any monographs that I complete. I have the neotype arguements for L. mexicanus in press. As the first name it could have upset anything else. I have the L. montanus complex worked up with supplemental chromatographic data to support my arguements. I heard from Rzedowski to the effect that there is still time to correct or modify the treatment of the Lupines in the "Flora de Valle de Mexico" so if I can locate L. uncinatus this summer I may have to add it to the treatment. I have located the type locality with Rzedowski's help since I could not find the location on any map.

The batch of lupines cided in the enclosure are the other early names for which the types appear to be lost since I have heard from five of the institutions to the effect that they do not have any going back that early. These names also could upset most others so I have to have types designated before any monographs other than the <u>L. montanus</u> one can be completed. Since a photo of <u>L. vaginatus</u> turned up at Texas I am hoping that some of the other lupines lost in the Berlin fire may have been photographed before the fire for reference to help insure getting neotypes which maintain the names on the proper taxa. Some of Smith's work has helped but much of it only adds confusion. If you should have any photos of any of the original types which were not sent on loans I would appreciate a loan of them. I have also written to NY, and TEX.

Both Bill Harmon and B. J. Cox are finishing their theses this summer so we will be sending all of three complexes of U.S. lupines back in the near future. We plan to put them all into a treatment of the Lupines of the Bocky Mts. of the United States, for maximum use of taxonomists.

Sincerely,

David B. Dunn, Prof. & Curator of the Herbarium



WAIALUA, DAHU, HAWAII

June 10, 1966.

Dear Mr. Bossert:

Mrs. Degener & I have been botanizing on the Island of Hawaii and now, back home, have the opportunity to thank you and the Hunt Botanical Library for the very interesting Vol. 2 of Huntia.

Regarding Rudoph's article on Iwasaki, perhaps Weinmann was introduced as being "Dettsch" a word perhaps mistakenly understood to mean a man from Holland. Why are not the "unidentified objects" on p. 21 simply endocarps? I do not know this particular species, but the endocarps of the species I do know certainly look what like what is depicted.

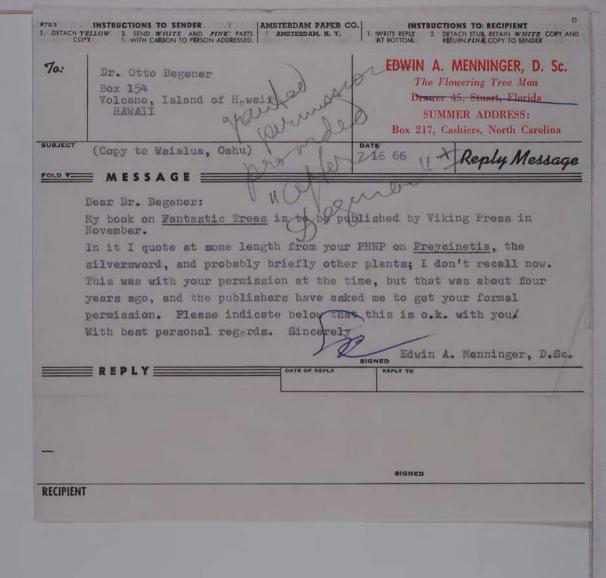
We were of course interested in your "portrate collection." Should not, on page 271, Schultz-Bipontinus have the original German Zweibrtcken in paraentheses?

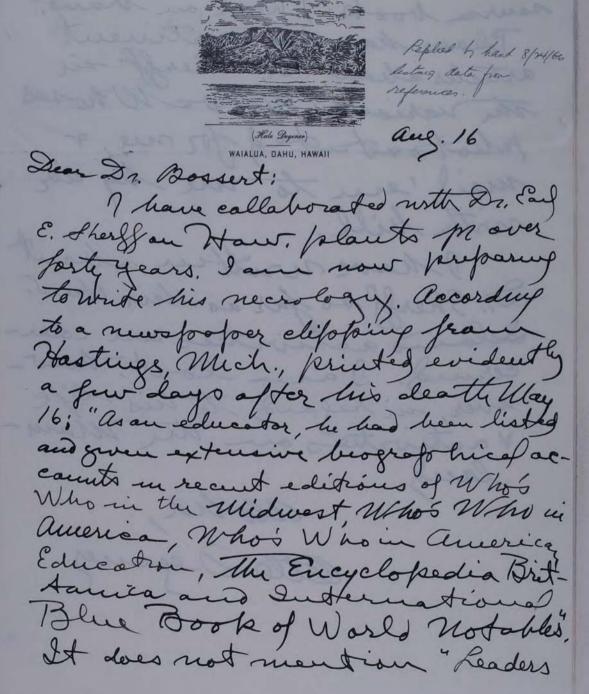
My very intimate friend and colleague Dr. Earl E. Sherff fied of a stroke May 16. I have much data, and Mrs. Degener & I wish to prepare his biography for publication. What information have you? Please mail us a transcription of anything you know about Dr. Sherff. He was born in Flint, Mich., May 18, 1886.

Enclosed is a clipping regarding my late friend Colin Potter. He was the son of a Scott in charge of plantings at Maudiua Gardens, Island of Oahu. Colin Potter, with whom I often botanized years ago, became custodian of Foster Botanical Garden, the former home of Dr. Wm. Hillebrand, early physician and author of Flora of the Hawaiian Islands, published posthumously in 1888. Due to arthritis Mr. Potter became blind and finally rethred. Even when unable to see specimens, he could guide visitors around the grounds thanks to his remarkable memory. He knew the location of the different plants, and could check on his memory by feeling andor smelling them. He was not a botanist, but an expert horticulturist.

Aloha.

Otto Degener





in awerecan Science, Ed. 4, the only source book I have on hand. Please have the pertinent articles about Dr. Therff in the various Whoses photostates for me, o wail 'en to me by air with hill. I have written about Dr. Sherff to far as his How. Island activities au coucerned. I am lost, however, in regard to his life Vactivities our the Mainlaced. aloha, Otto Deever



Maialua, Ochu, Hawaii June 20, 166, Dear Mr. Bossert: I have your June 16 letter. Regarding Colin Potter why not ask his updow to a photograph? Mrs. Colin Potter, Www. Will Bush Haena Drive, Horolulu, Hawaii you should also get a photox biological data fram Mr. Paul Weissich, Forter Botanical Gardy Vineyard St., Howaig Where did you Find all those Earl & sheeff letters? Miss. D. VI have many, also. When she write his lie graphy we probably show cite your

Hunt Institute for Botanical Documentation

Collection.
Having a colory
of Rudolphis Plant
authoga--- Paun
mailing the Toopay
to Mr. Weissich.
Aloha,
Otto Degener

meson 9/1/66/ Ideas Offo & Da I Iam so much in acrears in writing you that I hardly Know where to start, I & have harts of How Hawaiiluais to ackprovedeleg. in duding Psilotum) & had not answered your question about is sickness of all things it is brisits atsmatch. In just buck now free awalk

JUST report a reapplication to turpose this week - As to hallen broker, you will need sufficiently fall Justicchian) stages + Iverva, if mayon others. I'm said to my 1953 Miss.

hill Wats wester in Concinnate, & have

THE UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA acimil
TUCSON, ARIZONA 85721
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THEE RECY Cranwell

M. O. y J. Degener

R. R. #1

Box 89, Waialna, Oahn

Hawaii

Hunt Institute for Botanical Documentation

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GÖTEBORGS UNIVERSITET

Boraniska ikummasak museet berbera Frölundagatan 22 Göteborg SV Telejon 112085 Göteborg 28/9 1966

Dr Otto Degener, Waialua O a h u Hawaii - U.S.A.

5,00

Dear Dr Degener,

About a fortnight ago I made a short visit at the Riksmuseum in Stockholm. Unfortunately I did not have time enough to compare the <u>Wikstroemia</u> - material you sent me with all the collections. I hope I will have a new opportunity later on this year. It is also possible that I can have the Hawaiian <u>Wikstroemiae</u> on loan from Stockholm.

Very best wishes Yours sincerely,

8. Februsey

/B. Peterson/

Dear Part Bossert The Hastings Banner" photostate of June 20, 19 63. It will please her.

University Names Science Building After Dr. Sherff

A Hastings resident has been signally honored for his years in the educational field and for his contribution to seience Dr. Farl Edward Sheeff, who

Dr. Farl Edward Sheaff, who resides with his wife and son at 1202 S. Church street, has had a new science building at Illinois Wesleyan University named in his honor.

The building is called the Earl Edward Sherff Hall of Science. The announcement was made at the 1963 commencement exercises

the 1963 commencement exercises at Bloomington, Ill., at which Dr. and Mrs. Sherff were honored guests.

Dr Sherff is a botanist of world reputation in the field of systematic botany.

In amounting the naming of the outding. Dr. Lloyd M. Bertholf, are deen of filmois wesleyan University, and if was named after the potanist because of the great interest he and his wife have shown in the school and in its programs of music and actences.

A pertrait of Dr. Sherff has been painted and hung in the lobby of the building and as complete a collection of his hotanical works as possible are to be included in the IWU science library.

The science building replaces the adviceme building which has been lurned over in the School of Nursng for its headquarters.

Dr Sherff, in addition to his world reputation in the field of lystenic botany, also has had 45 rears experience as an instructor and administrator at high school, solicity and university levels in Michigan and Illinoir.

As an educator, he has been listed ind given extensive biographical ecounts in recent ed tions of Who's Who in the Midwest. Who's Who in American Who's Who in American Sducation, and International Blue Book of World Notables.

Because of his scientific work, he has been included also in the Dictionary of American Men in Science and Leader. In American Science

He has held many positions in many educational and scientific organizations.

OF Sherizations.

Dr. Sherfi Is a graduate of Albion College, where he earned his bachslor of arts degree, and the Univerity of Chicago, where he earned
he SM. and Ph. D. magna cum
aude degrees.

He has taken an active and specal interest in deaf-oral, mentally landicapped and various retarded spes of children, and in the offewe consideration of their special foblems in the conduct of the chools.

As a businessman, Dr. Sherff has een associated with a variety of usinesses.

When Dr. Sherff retired in June 1951. Herold C. Hunt, one-time n the Hastings public school's staff and then general superintendent of thools in Chicago, Ill., signed a strifficate from the Chicago Board & Education expressing "deep apreciation of Dr. Sherff's long and

The Chicago Teachers College Department of Natural Science has also created a Dr. Earl E. Shorff award which is annually presented to the outsianding freshman biology student.

fresman biology streent.
The International Blue Book tates: "Sherff, Earl Edward, Eduator, Born at Pilin, Michigan, May 5, 1886. Son of John H. and Anna Linda Sherff, born McKenry, Eduation: Albion College, University of Chicago. Married Pern Rosette ieeley. One son, Miner Linnaeus. Instructor of Botany at Chicago. Married Pern Rosette ieeley. One son, Miner Linnaeus. Instructor of Botany at Chicago. Married of the Department of Science ince 1929. Contributing member and honorary research associate in systematic botany, Chicago Natural History Museum. On editorial board of Brittonia. Pellow, A.A.A.S. Member, Sigma KJ, American Society of Naturalists, Botanical Seciety of Naturalists, Botanical Seciety of America, Inc. Mu Beta Phi. Author of botanical bulletins."

The haw much letter copy in our 6-20-63 ples. Colleges Den.

Charles and the second of the

Earl Edward Sherff Hall of Science



ER AND MRS. FARL E. SHERFF

October 10, 1966

Dr. Harold E. Moore, Jr., Director L. H. Bailey Hortorium Cornell University Ithaca, New York 14850

Dear Hal:

I was very pleased to receive your letter of September 29, 1966 and to know that I did not send you on a wild goose chase in the Philippines. To know that you were able to secure material from two rare palms from Fairchild's Cheng Ho cruise, which had been planted in the palmetum on the Forestry Campus at Los Baños, is most gratifying to me. Interestingly, the Forest Products Research Institute building next to the palmetum was constructed after the Second World War, probably to take advantage of the pretty site afforded by the palms.

I am going to send a copy of this letter to Mr. John D. Archbold, son of Mrs. Anne Archbold who sponsored the Cheng Ho cruises. He will be interested, I am sure, in these late results of his mother's foresight.

Thanks for your letter and I'll be looking forward to your word about the Index Kewensis.

Sincerely yours,

William L. Stern Chairman Department of Botany

cc: Mr. Archbold

BRAUN-BRUMFIELD INC.

BOX 1809 - ANN ASSUR. MICHIGAN ASSURE - PRINCE STREET, STREET,

