



Hunt Institute for Botanical Documentation
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About the Institute

The Hunt Institute for Botanical Documentation, a research division of Carnegie Mellon University, specializes in the history of botany and all aspects of plant science and serves the international scientific community through research and documentation. To this end, the Institute acquires and maintains authoritative collections of books, plant images, manuscripts, portraits and data files, and provides publications and other modes of information service. The Institute meets the reference needs of botanists, biologists, historians, conservationists, librarians, bibliographers and the public at large, especially those concerned with any aspect of the North American flora.

Hunt Institute was dedicated in 1961 as the Rachel McMasters Miller Hunt Botanical Library, an international center for bibliographical research and service in the interests of botany and horticulture, as well as a center for the study of all aspects of the history of the plant sciences. By 1971 the Library's activities had so diversified that the name was changed to Hunt Institute for Botanical Documentation. Growth in collections and research projects led to the establishment of four programmatic departments: Archives, Art, Bibliography and the Library.

ans. May 1.

Mt Carmel, Ill. Apr. 24/96

Mr. Lyster H. Searcy
Washington D. C. }
Dear Sir

I herewith comply with your request of Mar 22^d, and send specimens of the Field Horch. I showed specimens and gave a short account of it, before our Farmers Institute last December. And am warning and posting our farmers as often as convenient. It is proving very damaging to several of our wheat fields. I advise them to put these fields in corn for several years and to keep it entirely out of sight during these years.

I also send specimens of our native Ollivum canadense, Kuhn. This is common in low moist grounds here and has always

been more or less of a pest, here, in
wheat fields, grown in that
kind of soil. And until I
informed them, our farmers
considered the Field Horie
to be the common old enemy
and not of any serious im-
portance.

Very Respectfully
J. Schneck.