



Hunt Institute for Botanical Documentation
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About the Institute

The Hunt Institute for Botanical Documentation, a research division of Carnegie Mellon University, specializes in the history of botany and all aspects of plant science and serves the international scientific community through research and documentation. To this end, the Institute acquires and maintains authoritative collections of books, plant images, manuscripts, portraits and data files, and provides publications and other modes of information service. The Institute meets the reference needs of botanists, biologists, historians, conservationists, librarians, bibliographers and the public at large, especially those concerned with any aspect of the North American flora.

Hunt Institute was dedicated in 1961 as the Rachel McMasters Miller Hunt Botanical Library, an international center for bibliographical research and service in the interests of botany and horticulture, as well as a center for the study of all aspects of the history of the plant sciences. By 1971 the Library's activities had so diversified that the name was changed to Hunt Institute for Botanical Documentation. Growth in collections and research projects led to the establishment of four programmatic departments: Archives, Art, Bibliography and the Library.

listed at \$15⁰⁰ (not autographed
and no personal
notes?)

Eric Lundberg
catalog, no
fall 1967

found in The Herbaria of Freygi, number 241

Woolenbub says
Chilonectria
& Desleonectria have dif. cond
forms of his fopes
but type is same for both
see my interp.
found on p. 173

Copy of N-4
to middle of P. 15-8

found on p. 155

Myxodiscus r. N. 77
Type M. confluent (Schul) Fr.
Syl says not are as complete

found on p. 127

Microstroma juglandis
is a Basidiomycete see Pries, R. M.
Ann. Jour. Bot. 45, p. 132, 1928,
has some com. & binomial by Pries &
for good illust. Maire. R says
it is not a Basidiomycete on ac-
count of absence of karyogamy in
the formation of the pseudocarpoidia
Wolf, F. G. J. G. with Dr. 43 #97, 1927 tells
a entirely different story showing that the form
is related to Callitriche

found on p. 127

Copy Zyphia p 128
to Melanoc, p 135-

found on p. 127

Corbaria lignatilis
Thap

is see V. H. Fr. myc
992 a Octyria

D. lignatilis (Thap.) R. H.
Near Lituaris heads see
R. H. ec

found on p. 127

Cordyceps subterranea

Claviceps purpurea

Yme 10,50
700/1/2

Epicheloz

E. typhina Yme

Jul. am. Sci. Nat. 3rd 20
pe 1, 2, 3

+ Rab Crypt 7es

+ Eccelest Prout

~~not in~~
Konradia 607 g

Mazzantia 612

Phyllopora grain of fruits.

Maz. galii (Fr.) Mont
Good ill. Mag. Vermitt p 377
fig 248. No asc. found
in our spec.

Phyl. grac.
Good ill E.P.

382 fig 257
found on p. 121

Aurococcidia

No spec and no
good ill available
for copy - omit

Clowrightia V. Heays

Very little diff from
Dothidella spec

Spec. by D. Saitthya are Syn
pure *Doth.* the older

since type of *Dothidella*
D. achalensis 28 mg
is doubtful
Clowrightia should be
retained for present.

Dothidella uncertain
omit

Dothidea. *D. Sambucis*

Taken as type not
Systremma F.S. *justus*
because they take another
type which is a doubtful *Doth.*

found on p. 121

copy 7 Buff
121 to 128
Baltimore

all types
Copied to Buff

Pres foor

found on p. 111

Peloniella Sacc. sub-gen 1884
only sp cited *B. raphidosporum* (R.) Sacc.
Sacc says "retulone?" spores "2 (pleuri?) cell"
sp. cit = *Odontotrema raphidosporum* Rehm. sine
Rehm make this a genus p 638 + put 207
smooth, 2 celled + more spores in

found on p. 87

Honey - Mycol. 20: 128, 1928
says type of *Delepotunia* becomes *A. Carr-*
dellesana because it mentioned by Jell
Honey he says *Cibosia* type should
be *C. Carrus* (Rehm.) Jell this is close to
C. cuneata selected by us as type

Following 1929, in selecting type causes
more confusion than ever. Types should
be selected with view to avoiding change
stability names

found on p. 87

Pezizella dilatella (Fr.)
in *Hiptera* in *Pekin*
P. candida Focke is type
see K.H. & me sep no 44
of Key this is in short distance
Hydrangea mod. of Key

found on p. 87

P 103
to 108 mel

found on p. 103

Ascomata {
Ascarps { Cleistocarps
 { Parithia
 { Apothecia

C Low

Mulicaria

Found on p. 85

Protomycetaceae
Eng. & Prunt 1849 & Geer

Protomyces

↳ Endogone

1st appears to belong near Synchytrid
2nd = Mucoraceae sec. auct.

found on p. 55

Pleoglonis Clav. 1869

see subgenus 9: 1103

= Leptomyces see v. H. Arnhuyt 16: 154

||
Hariozia Karst see 9: 672 & 1103

1918
see Ind. Sec. 18:

found on p. 57

Hypocreasae
cell wall, color & texture
of perithe are distinctive
characters especially
color, just as rational
to sep from the plant on
flower color.
found on p. 43

Albugo vs Cytopus
Albugo in general
use until Smuggle
in 1892 & O. Kuntze
1891 -
Most Europeans still
use Cytopus & apt
recently by don
Most Amer use Albugo
now, on basis on
Nor. Cytopus would
Pub. Lin.
3

found on p. 1

5

Beloniella (Bacc.) Rehm

T. H. says that *B. graminis* (Bacc.) Sacc. 1st sp. in
Bacc. is not the *Pez. graminis* of Bacc. \Rightarrow
~~the type but a *Beloniella*~~ which see
I. H. is all *Epipellis* in his sense
Sacc incl both smooth & setose forms
His 1st sp. is setose the type ~~part~~ which
we have taken as smooth
T. H. says, Sacc name should be cited
for setose forms & parts smooth
ones in *Beloniella* Rehm not Sacc
Beloniella Bacc. he says = *Odontobryella*
Rehm 1912 Rehm pub both, 1, sept + 2 or more
Sept marks in Bel., + Sacc 14. accept
Rehm's emendation

Beloniella graminis Bacc not Desm.
setose hyplophy T. H. says type *Beloniella*

Beloniella vs type *B. graminis* Bacc
he says 1st sp. immature, 1 cell, blue, 2 cell
perhaps brown when mature

found on p. 87

6
E. H. Sacc *Beloniella* 1884 ^{Keep}
Genl *Edontotramella* Rehm 1912
+ belongs to *Phacidiales* no type given

for *Beloniella* Rehm ¹⁸⁹⁶ new name
r. H. *Belonopiza* l. c. type 1919
not specified say (the typical
Beloniella spp of Rehm)

Yam Smooth *Hyaloides* or *Hyalophora*?
Lake B. v. *Beloniella* or Rehm type smooth-scales
this = *Dibolus* Clem. ¹⁹⁰⁹ *Beloniella* (not from)

Belonium Sacc 1884

Type *B. grammis* Sacc, not known,
setose *Hyalophora*
— *B. leptum* (or not) r. H. ^{star} syn.

Spores of *Belonium* as per our ill. & puncta
smooth hyaline form
and for *Beloniella* Sacc Rehm *B. grammis* Sacc
setose *Hyalophora* as per key
The *Belonopiza* would be incl. in
Dibolus Clem. and *Edontotramella*
found in D. 87 ^{some stand?}

1219 W. Oak St

Washington

July 13/98

Dear Prof. Gray:

Sorry to say all the books you ordered are
sold. I am returning your check. I have a copy of
Auden's Check that sells for \$1.898 which I can
send you for 55 cents post paid. If you care for
it please send back in 3 stamps,

Yours truly
C. S. Sear

THE UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA
DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY
LINCOLN

November 11, 1942

Dr. L. J. Gier
William Jewel College
Liberty, Missouri

Dear Dr. Gier:

I was much interested in the fact that you had two copies of books from Dr. Shear's library. I would feel, if I owned it, that the old copy of Clement's Genera of Fungi with Dr. Shear's notes in it was especially to be treasured.

I would like to see it if you are ever coming this way. I always treasure books of that kind, and as time goes on, I feel it will become more and more valuable.

As ever, your friend,

Leve B. Walker

Leve B. Walker

Associate Prof. of Botany

403 Euclid Blvd
Carthage, Mo. 64836
19 Feb. 1982

RECEIVED

FEB 25 1982

Dear Dr. Stebbins,

HUNT INSTITUTE

By this time you have probably received the
Genes of Fungi which I mailed to you on
16 Feb. Total cost of postage and insurance
was \$2.11.

I am enclosing another letter from Mr. Bartram
which I had stuck inside one of his books and
just found today.

I am preparing to sell my set of 2x2 lantern
slides (over 400, with about 50 B & W + rest color) of scientists
which I had taken at state, nat'l + international
meetings. Most of them are botanists but a few chemists,
zoologists, etc. You mail copies of all the botanists in
my collection several years ago. These were taken
1946-1970 plus one color picture of Dr. Fernald on a
field trip in mts. of Va. in 1938. If you should be
interested in this set, please let me know + I will
send you a copy of the data relative to each slide.

I am very glad that Genes of Fungi is now in
a safe place.

DR. L. J. GIER
403 EUCLID BLVD.
CARTHAGE, MO.
64836

L. J. Gier
1982