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#### *About the Institute*

The Hunt Institute for Botanical Documentation, a research division of Carnegie Mellon University, specializes in the history of botany and all aspects of plant science and serves the international scientific community through research and documentation. To this end, the Institute acquires and maintains authoritative collections of books, plant images, manuscripts, portraits and data files, and provides publications and other modes of information service. The Institute meets the reference needs of botanists, biologists, historians, conservationists, librarians, bibliographers and the public at large, especially those concerned with any aspect of the North American flora.

Hunt Institute was dedicated in 1961 as the Rachel McMasters Miller Hunt Botanical Library, an international center for bibliographical research and service in the interests of botany and horticulture, as well as a center for the study of all aspects of the history of the plant sciences. By 1971 the Library's activities had so diversified that the name was changed to Hunt Institute for Botanical Documentation. Growth in collections and research projects led to the establishment of four programmatic departments: Archives, Art, Bibliography and the Library.

BOYCE THOMPSON INSTITUTE FOR PLANT RESEARCH, INC.  
YONKERS, N. Y.

WILLIAM CROCKER  
DIRECTOR

8 July 1946

Dr. Ray C. Friesner  
Butler University  
Indianapolis, Ind.

Dear Dr. Friesner:

Thank you very much for your letter of June 28 -  
forwarded to me here. Since June 1st I have  
been here - working for the Conf. Protection Institute.  
Indiana is a long way from here but I hope to  
do what I can toward completing the Flora of  
Wayne Co. I spent about three months in the spring  
working part time in the college herbarium. Before  
I left I had worked over about  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the vascular  
plants. The rest I will have shipped to me here.

I appreciate your looking over our specimens of  
Trillium and Solidago. I am pleased to learn  
of the new county records too.

You are welcome to keep a specimen of each of the species -  
if there are duplicates. Please send me the no. of each  
specimen you keep - for I want to cite all specimens in  
the Flora.

Unless you have already shipped the specimens to Earlham -  
please ship them here by parcel post - and I will reimburse  
you for shipping costs. I want to see the specimens and to  
record the names.

As I wrote you earlier our Flora is a cooperative one -  
many groups being sent out for critical determination.

Hunt Institute for Botanical Documentation

I am glad to say that our Cyperaceae <sup>+ Juncaceae</sup> have now been nearly all named. Dr. <sup>Paul</sup> Core started on them but because of illness was unable to complete the job. Dr. H. K. Svenson has looked over the remainder - mostly sp. of Carex. Dr. Constance has checked our Umbelliferae and Hydrophyllaceae; Dr. L. B. McIntosh has checked our Labiatae; Dr. Juncos our Convolvulaceae, etc, etc.

It all is a very big undertaking, and if it was not for the splendid cooperation of the many specialists the project could not be completed. It was hoped that a mimeographed list of the plant species of our county representing most of our collections that can be named by that time - can be raised in 1947. That is the ~~Centennial~~ Centennial year of Earlham - a fitting time to issue the first flora of the County. Of course it's the first edition - we hope it will be added to as the years pass - no definitive flora can be written.

There is one specimen that was overlooked in packing the shipment to you. As near as I could determine it is Solidago graminifolia var. metallii. Perhaps later this specimen can be sent to you for checking.

The package of supplements finally did arrive at home. Thanks a lot for sending them.

Many thanks and best wishes,

Lawrence King

July 20, 1946

Dear Dr. Sherff:

Your letter of June 23 has lain on my desk until now while I struggled to get a chance to answer it. At last, because of a rainy day, I have that chance.

In regard to *Sphaeralcea* vs. *Ilamnia*: Mr. Deam has written to Dr. Weatherby to try to find out what the new Gray's Manual will do with it. With us, it is not merely a question of what is the best answer, but we are also trying to keep in line with what most student will follow, which, we think, will probably be Gary's Manual.

In regard to *Tragopogon*: I have been collecting what I think are two new species, that is new to Indiana. One of them I have been calling *T. major* and the other *T. dubius*. My distinctions are as follows:

Flowers as long or longer than the tegules  
..... *T. pratense*  
Flowers shorter than the tegules .....

Summit of peduncle very strongly swollen  
at flowering time ..... *T. major*  
Summit of peduncle not swollen at flowering  
time ..... *T. dubius*

There is a striking difference between the latter two forms in the color of the ligules. In *T. major* the flowers are lemon yellow, while in what I call *T. dubius* the flowers are orange yellow, about the same as in *T. pratense*.

It is possible that what I have been tentatively calling *T. dubius* is a hybrid between *T. pratense* and *T. major*. The only reason for suspecting this is the fact that *T. dubius* is like *T. pratense* in flower color and character of summit of peduncle and like *T. major* in the length of flowers and tegules.

When I get around to going over my summer's catch I will send you some specimens of each of these, in case you care for them. I had thought I would send them to Blake, too.

Sincerely yours,

July 20, 1946

Dr. Harold N. Moldenke  
Associate Curator  
New York Botanical Garden  
New York 58, New York

Dear Dr. Moldenke:

I am sorry to be so slow in replying to your letter of June 26 regarding herbarium specimens. We will be unable to take advantage of your most generous offer, because we do not have any fund available for purchase of herbarium material.

Our laboratory income has trailed so far behind the increased cost of all equipment that it is a very real problem to keep the laboratories operating.

Thanking you your kindness in making the offer and sorry that we cannot take advantage of it, I remain

Sincerely yours,

Ray C. Friesner



July 20, 1946

Dear Mr. King:

You have probably learned long before now that I sent the specimens back to the Laboratory at Earlham College. I sent them at the same time that I wrote you regarding them, hence I will not be able to comply with your request that I sent them on to you Yonkers.

I am sorry that this is the situation and hope that it will not inconvenience you too much.

Congratulations on your position there.

I shall be glad to cooperate with you in any other way I can. I kept none on the specimens for the did not represent any material new to me.

Sincerely yours,

Ray C. Friesner

Fellowships for 1946-1947

GRADUATE SCHOOL

THE UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO

H. H. BARTLETT  
E. B. MAINS  
W. R. TAYLOR  
F. G. GUSTAFSON  
C. D. LA RUE  
D. V. BAXTER

UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN  
ANN ARBOR  
DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY

L. E. WEHMEYER  
C. A. ARNOLD  
W. C. STEERE  
F. K. SPARROW  
K. L. JONES  
A. H. SMITH  
E. U. CLOVER

July 29, 1946

Professor Ray Friesner  
Department of Botany  
Butler University  
Indianapolis, Indiana

Dear Ray:

Back in April I began to try to assemble special and ample collections of Lemnaceae for an expected visitor, Profesora Maria G. de Bracco, of the University of Buenos Aires. It then became very doubtful whether she would get leave to come, or not, and so I did not send out as many letters as I had planned.

She is now here and hard at work, but cannot stay more than a few weeks. If an opportunity arises for you to pick up any material it would be much appreciated. Just dry it quickly without excessive pressure. You may possibly pick up collections too late for her to use them here, but I will forward them.

Sincerely yours,

H. H. Bartlett

August 5, 1946

Dear Professor Bartlett:

Your letter regarding collection of Lemna came a few days ago. I shall be glad to pick up specimens when ever I run across them on our field trips. Since we are out in the field every Saturday, we should be able to pick up a number of collections.

We are leaving for Maine, on vacation for three weeks at the end of this week and will be on the lookout for them there, too.

I picked up a couple collections in Bartholomew County (two miles north of Columbus) this past Saturday. Bacon's Swamp has plenty and we will stop there sometime when we have the proper foot wear on.

I hope you are not overdoing with work this summer. I guess you always get a prodigious amount done without overdoing.

Sincerely yours,



August 5, 1946

Miss Edith Bicknell  
12 Knox Street  
Rockland, Maine

Dear Miss Bicknell:

I have, at last, found time to open your packages of herbarium specimens which you so kindly sent last spring. I appreciate them very much, especially the ferns and the violets. I appreciate, too, having some of the old, but excellently preserved specimens collected by Mr. Lermont. They will be a memento of him.

The *Cerastium* to which you referred is, as you suggested, *C. vulgatum* var. *hirsutum*, and not *C. viscosum*. The one labelled *Ilex laevigata* is also as you suggested, i.e. *I. verticillata*. The *Polygonum cilinode* is correct. I have collected it about Megunticook Lake but have never seen *P. scandens* in Maine. It is common in Indiana and I will try to remember to collect a specimen of it for you this fall when it is in the right stage.

There was one other correction: Mr. Lermont had a specimen labelled *Cornus sericeus* which is *Viburnum cassinoides*.

There was also a specimen of *Lycopodium annotinum* which is, as you suggested, the var. *acrifolium*.

I hope to reach Maine this summer vacation and will try to see you while there. Mrs. F. has been there since the middle of July and Dr. Potzger and I are hoping to come in his car as soon as our summer school is out.

I hope you have been better and able to get out to botanize again.

Sincerely yours,

From McEhcad

UNIVERSITY



OF KENTUCKY

LEXINGTON

COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCES  
DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY

For the summer at  
Irvine, R. 1, Ky.

August 18, 1946.

Dr. Ray C. Friesner,  
Department of Botany,  
Butler University,  
Indianapolis, Indiana.

Dear Dr. Friesner:

Last weekend I was at the university and found your letter making the correction on the *Solidago*. I made the change on the sheet. Many thanks for the information.

For sometime I have been wondering about getting out a paper on the genus *Solidago* and of course I would not care to write a comprehensive report when you know so much more about the group than I. What has come to my mind is, I wonder if both of us could not get out such a report, you of course being the Senior author and I, for doing so little, being the junior author. Now under such circumstances, I wonder what I would have to do to help you out on such a project?

Two or three years ago the Experiment station turned over to me some 500 sheets of *Solidago* and these I have never had a chance to examine. These of course I expect to go over and perhaps have mounted and then we could have a much more extensive county report than the list sent you a couple of years ago for verification. Of course there probably will be a lot of duplicates and these you may have free if case that you could use them. Most of them were collected a good many years ago by Prof. Garmen when he was working on the Locust beetle.

I shall welcome what you may have to say regarding the project.

So far this summer I have done practically no collecting. I bought a 40 acre farm up here in the foothills of the state, 35 miles east of Lexington, in Powell Co., and I am planning on developing it into a botanical garden and arboretum. So far it has taken most of my time to clean up the place and I really wont have the place ready to look like anything for a couple more years.

I am planning on doing some collecting in a week or so and I hope to collect more plants for the 4th Century. Did the Missouri Botanical Garden send you a set of the Third Century? I sold all the entire collection, 25 sets to them and used the money to by Azaleas. Someday I hope to have a very large and fine collection of these as well as Rhododendrons.

If you received the set, then you got a sheet of *Solidago albopilosa* which is found just about 15 miles from here growing under a rock ledge. I can get more of these for you in case that you need them.

Now here is why I have done so little about collecting and what I do collect from now on, none will go into the university herbarium. As you may recall it was in 1942 that I was arbitrarily removed from the headship of the department. The hono stupidus dean has had it in for me ever since I let one of his henchmen go out of the department in 1924. With a chance of presidents, several of us were slated to move out. The agreement with the president was that I was to teach half time and spend the other half in research. This damn dean has insisted that I teach full time and consequently I told Riley that I was thru with the herbarium work and so far as the university is concerned I am. From now on all plants that I collect will be either sold or exchanged as from my place here. Riley is a geneticist and cares absolutely nothing about systematic botany and he once told me that if the herbarium ever grew it would not be on his account. So from now on it looks like I am going to be a full time teacher of elementary botany.

I was shocked to hear of Kræbel's passing and got quite a detailed account

thru Mr. Deam. I thought last August that he seemed to be in an unusually fine spirit and never thought that he would never commit a deed such as he did. I always held a high opinion of him and always liked to be with him.

By the way, did you ever come to any conclusion regarding that *Prunus* that we collected on top of the high bluff overlooking the Ohio River? Was it *P. lanata*? Also what were the two *Charas* that we collected near town? I suppose that there were two species which we thought they were at the time of collecting.

Well, Dr. Friesner, I am having a fine time this summer, the first of its kind for 23 years when I did not have to teach summer school. We have slept under woolen blankets every night since moving here the 21st of June. I would not again teach in summer school if they gave me the entire school. It is fine to be a free lance at least four months of the year to do as one pleases.

I am looking for some bud wood of a fine *Juglans* from Mr. Deam early this week. He discovered a fine large thin shelled walnut and he thought that it ought to be propagated so I am going to bud up a lot of them when the buds arrive.

It seems like my fingers are all thumbs tonight so before they become clubfooted, I shall close and I will look forward to some sort of an answer to my proposition. I presume that you kept a record as to the species and counties of all the specimens sent you.

Yours very sincerely,

Frank T. McFarland

September 9, 1946.

Dear Dr. Scull:

I have just returned from vacation and found your cards of August 18 and 20. Deam's Flora is the only manual satisfactory for determination of Indiana plants and there have been a number of name changes accepted since this "Flora" was published.

There have also been a large number of additional county records published since that time.

Under separate cover, I am sending you reprints of all of the supplements containing new county records and name changes. The first two of these supplements contain no name changes, but the last three do contain them under the heading "Nomenclatorial Changes."

If you run thru the new county records you will find some new entries for Rush county.

I do not know the person to whom you refer regarding the gentian.

Sincerely yours,



BUILD YOUR FUTURE  
WISELY & SAFELY  
U.S. SAVINGS BONDS

THIS SIDE OF CARD IS FOR ADDRESS

Prof. Ray C. Friesner,  
Curator of the Herbarium,  
Butler University,  
Indianapolis 7,  
Indiana.



SAVE THE EASY WAY  
BUY U.S. BONDS ON  
PAYROLL SAVINGS



THIS SIDE OF CARD IS FOR ADDRESS

Prof. R. C. Friesner,  
Dept. of Botany,  
Butler University,  
Indianapolis, Indiana.



SAVE THE EASY WAY  
BUY U.S. BONDS ON  
PAYROLL SAVINGS



THIS SIDE OF CARD IS FOR ADDRESS

Prof. Ray C. Friesner,  
Dept. of Botany, Butler University,  
Indianapolis,  
Indiana.



Dear Prof. Friesner-

The Complete Exchange List of Plants is being posted today. Your past specimens have been in good demand and Exchangers have been asking for more. Hope you can send some more; 10 sheets or less of species not on the List accepted. I have a number of this years Mexican collection for you as soon as the determinations are made a list will be sent. Can you use Fungi and other Cryptogams on the List.

Yours sincerely *Geo. L. Fisher*  
Geo. L. Fisher, 611 West Pierce Ave.,  
Houston 6, Texas. Oct. 19/46.

GRAY HERBARIUM OF HARVARD UNIVERSITY

79 GARDEN STREET

CAMBRIDGE 38, MASS., November 7, 1946.

Dear Dr. Friesner:

I have got out 130 sheets of my Virginian Compositae for you. These will soon go forward by American Express.

Sincerely yours,

*W. L. Fernald*

Director.

GRAY HERBARIUM OF HARVARD UNIVERSITY

79 GARDEN STREET

CAMBRIDGE 38, MASS. November 12, 1946.

Dear Prof. Friesner:

In continuation of exchange we are sending you:

Plantae Exsiccatae Grayanae - century 14 - 100

We hope you find these specimens a useful reference in your herbarium.

Sincerely yours,

*Lyman B. Smith*  
Lyman B. Smith.



November 13, 1946

Dr. John Thomas Howell  
California Academy of Sciences  
Golden Gate Park  
San Francisco 18, California

Dear Dr. Howell:

I have your note regarding determination of a specimen of *Solidago*. I shall be glad to try to determine it. There are many species of the genus with which I am not familiar, and so I cannot promise success in my attempt. I shall, at least, be glad to try.

Sincerely yours,

Ray C. Friesner

November 14, 1946

Professor W. L. Fernald, Director  
Gray Herbarium of Harvard University  
79 Garden Street  
Cambridge 38, Massachusetts

Dear Professor Fernald:

The package of duplicate Compositae from Virginia came yesterday. I appreciate very much your kindness in sending these fine specimens. I can see from these duplicates that it will be quite necessary for me to spend a period of time at the Gray Herbarium before finishing the manuscript for Virginia goldenrods. Of course, you have published many of the records, but your study has not been concerned with every county record as my paper will require. I shall try to find time during the coming summer to spend a period in Cambridge or Boston and will then contact you as to whether you may have room for me study all of the Virginia goldenrods in the Herbarium.

The Butler University Herbarium is on the exchange list of the Gray Herbarium and I have credited these specimens to that account. If that is agreeable to you, will you pass the word to Dr. Lyman Smith so that he can enter the 130 sheets on his exchange record.

Sincerely yours,

Ray C. Friesner

November 14, 1946

Dr. Lyman B. Smith, Curator  
Grag Herbarium of Harvard University  
79 Garden Street  
Cambridge 38, Massachusetts

Dear Dr. Smith:

Thank you very much for *Plantae Exsiccatae*  
*Grayanae*, century 14. They do make the most authoritative  
reference and checking specimens. By all odds, they are  
the most valuable specimens any herbarium can receive.

A few days ago I receive<sup>d</sup> a shipment of 130 duplicates  
from Dr. Fernald from his Virginia collecting. I have en-  
tered them on my exchange account and have written to him  
asking him, if this is agreeable to him, to inform you  
so that you might enter the number on your records of  
our exchange account.

Sometime in January, I hope to have my material of  
1946 season ready to send you. There are several new  
state records in the collection and I will call your atten-  
tion to them because some are considerable extensions of  
range and the information may be worthwhile bringing to  
Dr. Fernald's attention in connection with the manuscript  
of the new Manual.

Sincerely yours,

Ray C. Friesner

Nov. 18, 1946.

Dear Dr. Friesner:

I am sending you the specimen of the puzzling *Solidago*. Mr. Pollard had determined it as *S. californica* but it must be something else. I suspect it is an escapee from cultivation although it was quite away from habitations when I asked Mr. Pollard about it. I should be very grateful to you for your opinion. The specimen is for you to keep.

We don't have much of interest in the *Solidago* line in California - or I would have been bothering you long before this! Through Mr. Lewis S. Rose we have been getting many of your fine things, so, although I haven't written to you, I feel as if I know you well. If ever I

can help on any of your problems, please let me know.

With best regards,

Very Sincerely

Johnson

THE SCIENCE MUSEUM

CALIFORNIA ACADEMY OF SCIENCES  
GOLDEN GATE PARK  
SAN FRANCISCO, 18, CALIFORNIA

THE STEINHART AQUARIUM

Dr. R. C. Friesner  
Butler University  
Indianapolis

Dear Dr. Friesner:

I have a *Solidago* specimen collected in S. Calif. that I have not been able to identify - probably an eastern species escaped from cultivation. May I send it to you for determination? I shall be very grateful.

Sincerely yours  
John Thomas Howell



November 26, 1946

Dear Dr. Howell:

Your specimen of *Solidago* came this morning. There is no question about its identity. It is our most common species in the eastern half of the U. S., viz. *S. altissima* L.

Your specimen makes a very striking range extension. I have not seen any specimens of this species from areas west of a line drawn from western North Dakota to western Texas. Some reports give it for Idaho and Utah, but I have not seen any specimens from those areas.

It is possible that it has been carried into California from the east by transcontinental trucks or by airplanes, and it will likely take hold there if given a chance.

I am grateful to you for the specimens and hope that you will give me a chance to be of any further service to you that I am capable of rendering in the future.

Sincerely yours,

Ray C. Friesner

Dec. 2, 1946.

Dear Dr. Friesner:

Thanks so much for determining the species of Solidago altissima. It might not have taken me too long to run it down if I had settled down to it but I couldn't get settled! I'll keep my eye out for further California occurrences of the plant and let you know if I come across any.

In your letter you "hope" for "a chance to be of any further service." I don't know how much "further service" means but it won't hurt to ask for a bit of attention which you can refuse. Would you consider going over our collection of Solidago and annotating the specimens? We have quite a stock in the genus and I'm afraid it's not too well named. You can write your OK or corrections right on the sheets if that is more convenient. If you would do this for us, we shall be only too glad to pay the expressage both ways, and still feel awfully indebted to you. We have a lot of your collections which need not be sent but if you say so the rest can go to you after the first of the year when the holiday rush is over. — Believe me, this would be a great favor to the Academy.

Again thanks for determining my unknown. With  
all good wishes,

Sincerely yours J. Howell

December 9, 1946

Dear Dr. Howell:

I have your letter of the 2nd regarding the specimens of *Solidago* in your Academy Herbarium. It will be a real pleasure to be able to study these specimens. I have two collections on hand at present, one from the Hudson Bay region, and one from Virginia. I have also promised Dr. McFarland to work with him on a paper on the *Solidago* of Kentucky, but since I studied all of the specimens in the University of Kentucky herbarium several years ago, it is not likely that there will be many additional specimens from there until we get out and collect more.

I should think that I might be able to be ready for your material about the middle of February. I have such a heavy college load that I do not have the time that I would like, so it may take me a month or two to get thru your material after I get started.

At any rate, I shall be glad of the opportunity to study them, if you care to send them under the above conditions.

Sincerely yours,

Ray C. Friesner

December 11, 1946

Miss Lilian Arnold, Curator  
University Herbarium  
University of Florida  
Gainesville, Florida

Dear Miss Arnold:

I am in receipt of a letter from Mr. Charles C. Deam in which he says that you have some duplicates of Florida plants which you might care to trade for duplicates of species from other areas. We would be glad to trade you some Indiana specimens in case you should be interested.

I could go over our present supply of duplicates and sort out one of each species to send you immediately and then could pick up additional species during the coming collecting season, in case you are interested.

In case you care to enter into this exchange relation you may send the specimens to The Department of Botany, Butler University, Indianapolis, Indiana by express collect.

Sincerely yours,

Ray C. Friesner

AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATIONS  
COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE  
UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA  
GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA

DEPARTMENT OF  
PLANT PATHOLOGY

December 16, 1946

Prof. Ray C. Friesner,  
Department of Botany,  
Butler University,  
Indianapolis, Ind.

Dear Professor Friesner:

It will be very agreeable with me to exchange Florida duplicates for those of Indiana with you. Quite a number of these have accumulated in the trading cabinet during this past collecting season. I will attend to selecting some for you sometime in January, as I hope to be leaving here for the Boston meetings within a few days.

Sincerely,

*Lillian E. Arnold*  
Lillian E. Arnold  
Assistant Botanist

Dec. 17, 1946.

Dear Dr. Friesner:

Certainly that is most generous of you to check over our golden-rods this spring. I shall write to you early in Feb. to learn if the time is propitious before sending the stock to you. I am most happy and grateful at the prospect.

With kindest regards and all good wishes for your holidays, I am,

Very sincerely

J. Howell





THIS SIDE OF CARD IS FOR ADDRESS

Dr. Ray C. Friesner  
Department of Botany  
Butler University  
Indianapolis, Ind.

University Station Box 1620  
Austin 12, Texas  
December 20, 1946

Dear Dr. Friesner,

Under separate cover we are sending 106  
specimens in continuation of exchange. We  
hope that they will be of value to you.

Sincerely,

Fred A. Barkley, Curator.

*Chester Rowell*  
Chester Rowell, Assistant.

*Answered 12-27-46*

## Regulations of the American Botanical Exchange.

Geo. L. Fisher,  
611 West Pierce Ave.,  
Houston 6, Texas, U. S. A.

The Exchange is to aid educational institutions, teachers and persons to make a collection of plant material for the Herbarium.

The only conditions are that the Exchanger pays all postage and 1/2¢ for each herbarium sheet exchanged, as part payment for printing the Exchange List.

The same number of sheets to be chosen from the List of 8000 species. Write for the complete List.

A limited number for sale at 5¢. each and postage.

10 sheets or less of species not on the List accepted.

Free exchange and return postage paid by me on return plants, except from U. S. A., Canada and Europe. 1 to 3 sheets of each species wanted.

Send your duplicate material for exchange and make your Herbarium larger.

## Herbarium Specimens Offered for Sale

Material is in good condition, unmounted, well filled sheets with full data. Offered for prices below and postage.

List of species offered in a Genus or Family if requested. Small orders accepted.

12¢. each Herbarium Sheet.

300 Spermatophyta and 30 Ferns from Mexico, collected in 1944 and 1945.

10¢. Each.

300 Spermatophyta and 30 Ferns from Mexico,

100 " from South America & W. Indies.

80 " and 20 Ferns from Philippines and Hawaiian Islands.

7¢. Each.

300 Spermatophyta from South Africa.

100 " " " Asia.

30 " " " Lapland.

60 " " " Alaska.

100 Ferns from North America and Europe.

6¢. Each.

400 Spermatophyta from North Africa.

300 " " " Australia.

200 " " " Southern Europe.

5¢. Each.

500 Spermatophyta from Texas.

500 " " " North Eastern U. S.

300 " " " South Eastern U. S.

300 " " " Pacific Coast U. S.

50 " " " Western & 60 Eastern Canada.

600 " " " Central Europe.

300 " " " Arizona, New Mexico, Utah, and Nevada. Semi-Desert Plants.

200 Musci from America and Europe.

80 Carex from U. S. Canada.

100 Carex from Europe.

200 North American Grasses.

700 Fungi from North America and Europe.

Orders for more than 60 Fungi 3¢. each.

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## THE SOCIETY FOR THE STUDY OF SPECIATION

In association with the St. Louis meetings of the A.A.A.S., it is planned to reorganize the Society for the Study of Speciation at a meeting in Private Dining Room No. 2, Jefferson Hotel, 8:30 A.M., Saturday, March 30, 1946. It is hoped that the members will elect a group of officers who will reorganize the society in a self-perpetuating organization, discuss the permanent name of the society, draw up a constitution and by-laws, discuss affiliation with the A.A.A.S., discuss the question of a journal, and assist in integrating the individual biologists interested in evolutionary dynamics.

The prewar membership of about 375 individuals represented the fields of bacteriology, botany, zoology, morphology, cytology, genetics, biogeography, ecology, paleontology, physical anthropology, comparative psychology, physiology, embryology, population biology, and taxonomy.

An executive committee consisting of Edgar Anderson, John Beal, William Burrows, L. J. Cole, L. R. Dice, Th. Dobzhansky, Alfred Emerson, A. C. Kinsey, W. M. Krogman, Ernst Mayr, K. P. Schmidt, George G. Simpson, and Sewall Wright functioned before the war, but has been inactive during the war period. Communications concerning reorganization should be addressed to any of these men. Ernst Mayr, American Museum of Natural History, 77th St. & Central Park West, New York, N. Y., is collecting suggestions for nominations of officers. Alfred E. Emerson will act as temporary secretary.

The interest in this field of study is strong and it is expected that an effective society with many new members from various fields of biology and from various parts of this and other countries can be integrated into an active and mutualistic organization.

Alfred E. Emerson,  
Department of Zoology,  
University of Chicago,  
Chicago 37, Illinois

# HUNTINGTON COLLEGE

## Botanical Garden and Arboretum

Huntington, Indiana

Fred A. Loew  
Director

TO THE PRESIDENT, FACULTY AND BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF HUNTINGTON COLLEGE AND TO ALL WHO ARE INTERESTED IN PLANTS:

Huntington College Botanical Garden and Arboretum closed the growing season of 1946 in very good condition. During the previous winter and summer 23 species were lost and 28 species were added, a number of which were replacements. The present total number of species is 632.

The annual Garden Day Program was held in the Garden May 24 and was very well attended. The program was a combination of the crowning of the Queen of Spring and the Garden Meeting. The Queen was crowned in the garden with the customary ceremonies appropriate for such occasions, this was followed by music by the College A Cappella Choir. Dr. J. E. Potzger of the Botany Department of Butler University was the guest speaker. His subject was "Indiana Forests Through the Ages". This was a most interesting address given in a manner which was readily followed with interest by all. Garden visitation followed.

I wish also to report that the Huntington Garden Club held a Spring Festival in the Garden June 11, the garden clubs of the surrounding counties were invited as guests to which over 200 persons responded. The afternoon was spent seeing the Garden and in visiting in the Garden Court. In the evening refreshments were served and a program was given in the College Auditorium. Maude R. Jacobs, nationally known, was the guest speaker, she ably spoke on the subject "The Garden of Greatest Charm".

The next annual Huntington College Garden Day Meeting will be held, Saturday June 7, 1947 to which the public is invited. Dr. George LaRue, Head of the Department of Zoology, University of Michigan and for many years Director of the Michigan Biological Station will be the guest speaker.

Work on the Flora of Huntington County as outlined in last year's report was continued with the expectation of making a preliminary written report for publication in the near future. The College Herbarium now has over 5000 sheets. The increase this year came mostly from Huntington County.

We would be glad to send a copy of the 1945 Garden Report upon request.

Respectfully submitted,  
*Fred A. Loew*  
Fred A. Loew, Director of  
Huntington College Botanical Garden and  
Head of the Biology Department  
Huntington College, Huntington, Indiana

815 Taylor  
Detroit 2, Michigan  
Mar-17-

Ray:

After I mailed the letter I remembered that a similar specimen of Bromelia yielded up a cock roach which no doubt was stationed there from his Florida haunts. Probably awfully indignant at having ended up in Michigan! Anyway, just to be sure make an inspection before you put them out - I hope it is not too late to tell you about it -

Of course there might not be any <sup>in</sup> those I sent you, but there are so many in Palmettos + all vegetation I think there probably is - Glad I didn't mail them to your house!

Hastily -

Sibby -



2316 - Kalsdon Rd  
North Sacramento, Calif.

Dear Ray,

I was glad to hear that you received the pine nuts. There is no charge for them. I only hope they repay the ones I ate while I was at Butler. If you secured them in 1929 that explains why some of them tasted so strong H.A.H.A.

Thanks for telling me about the slides that Dr. Potzger has on fossil pollen. If, in the future, I have to talk before the Science Teachers Association I'll contact Dr. Potzger.

From your letter, I would say that your department is quite over loaded with students. My classes are heavy too. I have an average of 40 students in each class. This is the first year I haven't had a free period.

Say hello to everyone for me.

Sincerely

John