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About the Institute
The Hunt Institute for Botanical Documentation, a research division of Carnegie Mellon University, specializes in the history of botany and all aspects of plant science and serves the international scientific community through research and documentation. To this end, the Institute acquires and maintains authoritative collections of books, plant images, manuscripts, portraits and data files, and provides publications and other modes of information service. The Institute meets the reference needs of botanists, biologists, historians, conservationists, librarians, bibliographers and the public at large, especially those concerned with any aspect of the North American flora.

Hunt Institute was dedicated in 1961 as the Rachel McMasters Miller Hunt Botanical Library, an international center for bibliographical research and service in the interests of botany and horticulture, as well as a center for the study of all aspects of the history of the plant sciences. By 1971 the Library’s activities had so diversified that the name was changed to Hunt Institute for Botanical Documentation. Growth in collections and research projects led to the establishment of four programmatic departments: Archives, Art, Bibliography and the Library.
E. LUCY BRAUN
SALEM RIEEK
MT. WASHINGTON
R.R. 13, BOX 41 C
CINCINNATI 30
1946 - 1. OHIO

June 10. Erie-nate - Western Penn.
June 11. Lily Dale in Cana-
daga, N.Y.

June 13. Letchworth State
Park, Genesee R. gorge
12. Ely forest, Seneca
June 13. Seneca State Park
14. Seneca State Park
also, the Green Lake
15. Zephyr, Mt. Washington
June 11
Lilly Dale, N. Y.

Original forest of very large & tall trees.

Birch
Sassafras
Sycamore
Hickory
Cherry
Cedars
Pine
Y. Birch
Red Oak
Dalea
Red Ash
Canebrake Tree
Small maple<br>red elderberry<br>ribe. acer<br>chestnut<br>beech<br>cherry<br>ruby th<br>fern (alm. no apple leaf)<br>Commas alta<br>lobl. aln. f<br>pine tree<br>hickory<br>snow pine<br>arale nut. rasa<br>marsh<br>deep lan<br>arale alta<br>aralia grand<br>arached atro<br><br>Callerym.<br>Cist n. l<br>dog.<br>iron pot<br>creaken cut<br>can. viola<br>blue viola<br>Commiss. lac<br>medulla<br>fitchellia<br>smiley bark<br>rye. lec<br>quatera<br>hydrax. ung<br>bible bland<br>shipps<br>polis. life<br>alast diana<br>corto.
The hemlock, the largest

and

Some hemlock branches

Under the pines change
to B+M the hemlock

The evergreen hemlock

The evergreen hemlock
...the trail through my reef mingle in blacksmithy
there is an apparent sense in the words...a higher that.
Duller fine on...at and photographing arg...it is from B.M.

En route, June 10

north of Vanter 12 m. beech by one thing.

Butterflies (P. divers) begin in the field.

Before Kineman
Hieracium aurantium begins but bring untrue
butterflies decay...in B.M. then butterflies purchased.

En route June 11

Some ind. 1 H.W. white
in the Peep & Cones but after
much this serious in the peasants...fennel
white.

Cross Glavetshileam
- Greenville - Croy
Jamstown, N.Y.
Up pine most abundant west valleys (glacial soils)

At Jamestown, turn n. to Casabella + Lily Dale (see note)

Then north to Fredonia on same lake plain

Grape + red oak chew tips of the lake plain

Rise from plains to gently tilted plateau
In fall, US 20, 13.20 A., is imperceptible

On cherry benches, from m. to

On lake plains, first remnant only in wet parts - the clm most

In M. & in B., elsewhere many

In deer stage, etc.,

butter pears are culled

On the plateau much less suitable. Some oaks

Rising up east slope of

General valley fronting

West to Genesee, Elige

White oak, hard, &

walnut (see Bray's

map of N. Y.)
June 12
Letchworth State Park
Genesee Gorge

Slope: forest is mix of red oak, sugar oak, sugar maple, birk (cherry), elder, cucumber

Higher prof of oak, maple or aspens?

Hemlock, Belangar, balsam fir, choke cherry, Sambucus pac (not pub)

Arisaema etr

Dip. cam., Sal. cenis

Exs. excis

H. c. nec

Geranium

Circaea

Cardinal

Smilax

Hickory maple, hickory, Canada flax

Ham.

Dyke
shrubs
red osier
red oak
pine
boxelder
cedar
hemlock
tulip
teak
white elm
red alder
red maple
red cedar
locust
mulberry
azalea
basswood
calluna
osier
hemlock
balsam
red spruce
balsam fir

fence sycamore pieces
dice box azalea for
turk's cap lilac

slope forest
picnic area
slope

siskiyou
siskiyou
reservoir
meca
(formerly
eastern
chestnut)
plant

tulip

hickory
hickory
tulip

balsam
balsam

astrantia
solandra
A whine - ear, planted
\( \text{by whine} \)

\( \text{mainly} \) in the area

\( \text{hemlock} \) and

\( \text{Gaultheria} \) - 

\( \text{Aster macro} \\
\text{gryl} \)

Small

\( \text{area} \) - red

\( \text{bark} \),

\( \text{red} \) make

\( \text{or} \) red, think

\( \text{Pines at edge of bluff} \)
\( \text{are} \) 

\( \text{P. pensylvani} \)

\( \text{a} \) then 
\( \text{mr. wh. pine,} \\
\text{not next to dark} \\
\text{Acer pensylvanica} \\
\text{wh. oak - TTTT} \)
\( 6 \)

\( \text{hem. - Tttt} \)
\( 5 \)

\( \text{red oak - HHH} \)
\( 3 \)

\( \text{hemlock - HHH} \)
\( 11 \)

\( \text{maple - HHH} \)
\( 6 \)

\( \text{chest. map} \) - 
\( \text{HH} \)
\( 6 \)

\( \text{adobe} - 11 \)
\( \text{beech - 11} \)
\( 2 \)

\( \text{Tulip} - 2 \)
\( 2 \)

\( 0 \) moss - 11
\( 2 \)

\( 1 \)

\( \text{2nd Pathway over - 12} \\
\text{drop} 5 \)

\( \text{A red pine} \) from
\( \text{all the} \) 36
\( \text{beech logs} \)
\( \text{over} \) in" 36

\( \text{red cedar face of bluff} \)
This page appears to be a handwritten note with various natural and possibly botanical terms. The handwriting is partly legible, but the text is difficult to transcribe accurately. The page contains terms such as "magnolia," "ash," and "shepherd's purse." There is also a note about上门 "on 2 4/5 est. cattail & doe marshes & elm & silver maple commigs."
June 12

Forest - Seagrape

Red oak, white oak, burming, red maple, hemlock, hickory, oak, elm, chestnut, red bud, black walnut.

Asclepias syriaca

Agrimonia, long fruit, mule ears, common fens.

Smilacaceae

Red pine, needle moss, broom, rhododendron.

Sage - slope on S. side of camp, white oak, red oak, ash, sycamore, hickory, alder, little chestnut.

Olive field - ash, cottonwoods.

Hog creeper, grape, lavender, wild rose.
June 13

Higher - above
maple, beech, some
elm & basswood

Platanus level to
south (dense) 1900
20,000 ft.
late
Salvador gap
glacely gouged
Lake Handa\nfarmed
raptually cut valley

Turn 3404 10.3
Top of hill on
Platine

8 Maple
beech (not much)
basswood
cherry (ac
ash (loc)
much maple refer
Asp. open. Pitcher
" goldie " Impeccably
Dunk depur. Smot. pac
Ceres after Unit. y
Hydrophob, mg. Sol. Lale
exp. into Addle. Life

mulch humus
leaf-litter &d. fallen
into bunks by corncorn + ground burl
East elipt "puch
1/2 " cm NW of Apulica
Hydrocar...get root
under
s. maple
ash
ostrica
cornus alb
tilia

acid
leuc
granular black
mull soil

cmr-
Acorum
Polygalae
hepatacae

Drainage to Sung
Sully.
return place
drainage S.
now are typically
Flat lake with pine & no hardwood
much elm where tre
or elm-ash-maple

Off 11 mi. to Brattle
S out of Brattle
Outlet from Ossau
lake - all. from lower
swamp to Sully lake
to N. York Road S.

E. E. C.:
Emerald is spruce
Millwood to Ch.
Emblemic
chestnut
bog and pond
Hebean - Ochre
i.e. - the
Southerns
Hereville Apple Tree
Life the Dutch
Apples...Beech

Arranging...flatbed

tess hendich...more
maple...red...ten

Beech

Ced

Red oak

Eup..."he...Ced"
Over to Chesh-chest
used out-examples
some sort of
more one and again
finally found and brought

Genl's
Genl. Vernon

Bush to 11,
to Homer,
Cotham

then ph. to e. T
me. sean

Cornell
was mostly 13-M+

01 hard

Iron branch, cherry, etc.

Tasks
Grill for heren

Ask them to be

What about where

Can do pl.
Slope
Cross pines
around mature
plows
badle "lanceas" coming
Assam Comdr.
A.P. Botry
holo-
Panay
Circassian
Adeza aly
Curcif.

Pounds
Fuller
Curf. Underground
Stand under 50 yrs
but now burned
Dry ter-

more for 2 waves
of bene.
Tahas - large forks
Tide McCarthy—

Cut a piece 1/3-1/4
& got a great horn?
R. G. C. (A. H.)

Which

beacon.
red maple
hickory

tass. vase
buttercup

bittern

elm, esp. fuchs
father pole
also rhododendron,


Tulip

All the above fairly
fairly common.

long lived, form a
fairly permanent type

"Please emphasize
the group of trees."

(also discussed)
CUT 4/13 - 53 yr ch.

Almost an Oriental but see 1

smoke!

cherry (31 in.?)

breath

Then a slight

clearing. Appliance an

apparantly old

stand. (Mrs.oo.)

of beach, beach, white, red, and

as tu

eucalyptus (with)

a maple

and many of hickory, Mitchell.

and oak.

and oak.

a few white oaks.

3/4 mi. N of W 7

Baldwinville
On old field white pine stand (trees 37 in. 12% yrs. 9 ft. 10 in. 2 3/4 x 7 ft.) pine & hemlock no hardness.

Whiskey Hollow (foot of west side) was a pine- chest hunters camp 160 yrs. back oak released 10 yrs. 10 yrs. 40 feet chest 2 dead hemlock ch oak 294 23. red oak

Achsefur man old farm plan would have been built about 1825 Erie County first in 1825.
A rather cold afternoon but little underwear.

Dear [name],

Chester is about 35 yrs. old, cut and 20-30 yrs. old.

Started over 100 yrs. ago when shaped was cut

An aspen timber.

Trunk complete.

Steep oiled feet.

2 aspen spruce maple & hickory

Yours truly

Best wishes

Gadget
Her many
Great pens
Yes, yes

unto main greef for a very meat heat layer like mine.
Collinsia
Amblystegia
Juncus
Rudbeckia
Rheum
Bergenia
Rosa canina
Orobenca
Osmanthus
Polygala
Lilium
Acer nigrum
Quercus alba
Impatiens
Quercus alba
Tilia americana
Forsythia
Syracuse
Sp. after erasure
of 6-16
Plate (Missouri point)
many cotton + fire
marches, and
elm + willow roadside
June 15
-
In Route
Syracuse-Vanckoun

Flats to west (lake
plain of lake Ontario)
much iron-ore-rust
also, lots of white pine
sticking into the
ordinary-hardwoods.
Low areas in. aspens

Watertown

East of

very

sandy and apparently
lines of fossil dunes
Common weeds in
fields and meadows - a
yellow Euphorbia

2 very hardwoods
white pine
Dry. a few places, Jack
pine also

Cross Black River

Aspen valley, my fifty
steep up rocks harder

Lots of salley, pin cherry
Asp area

<missing>
June 14

Appa Supeh-

Round Lake Green
Lake, Superior.

Stilacite abandoned
pasture—edges of
woodland beyond, big
tulips and 
fir. (June)

Enter woods—

What appears to be
fine old forest is
120 yr old 2nd growth
maple—small straight
& large—w/ a thick
herb. Layer of ferns

Hydrophyte—traveller's
Golden fern, Ophiopogon


Other side of creek—

Old growth forest (does
on slope any larger
of Tilia, belish, maple,

Cont. layer of Potentilla
which obscures the
other plants, a Teasel

Sycamore trees which
have later photo gap to
canopy can be told
by slight curves in
char of branching.
If not more open
My water plant—perren
friend before the large
trunks which should
in the cove—
the steep slopes of Green Lake are filled with underbrush and wildflowers, made more so by the removal of dead trees and shrubs."

Quer idonea

[Signature]
Lily Dale

hemlock  37  20.9  18  21.2
beech    30  16.9  10  11.8
cherry   02  12.4  7  8.2
red maple 20  11.3  4  4.7
s. maple 31  13.6  5
white pine 15  8.5

cucumber 15  8.5
red oak  10  5.7  2  2.3
white oak 10  5.7  1  1.2
spruce    8  4.5  5  5.9
y. bush   5  2.8  4  4.7

177  102  85  1000
Huntington bush

Green Lake east fork

1st papers when in work is all 3450 she

off is to start from bridge when take regular bid at

Honolulu Bank
At Vanhoven:

"The plains" — a
first pocket

Eisen sound —
never trumps
inew words.

List of Algoma
Goulais River
Watershed

rise S.M. on the
north slopes.

otherwise confus

McCarthy has report
with tables.
Spirs-

Spergularia, 6-14-46

Delt spurry, sled
order of huck de
hogs, Syracuse, N.Y.

Viola palmata?
west of Baldwinsburg
6-14-46